

KAMPALA QUALITY PRIMARY SCHOOL

P.7 EMERGENCY HALF TERM REVISION SET 4, 2020

Integrated Science

Time allowed: 2 hours and 15 minutes

NAME: _____

Stream: _____

District: _____

Date: _____

EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

A	
B	
TOTAL	

Read the following instructions carefully:

1. The paper is made up of section A and B.
2. Section A has 40 short answer questions (40 marks).
3. Section B has 15 questions (60 answers).
4. Answer ALL questions. All answers to both section A and B must be written in the spaces provided.
5. All answers must be written in blue ink.
6. Any handwriting that cannot easily be read will lead to loss of marks.
7. Unnecessary alteration of work may lead to loss of marks.
8. Do not write anything in the box indicated examiner's use only.

PARENT'S COMMENT	SIGNATURE

SECTION A (40 marks):

1. Name one structure in a worker bee which makes it to be different from other types of bees.

2. Apart from a cockroach, give any other vector commonly found in a pit latrine.

3. Give the difference between a sty and kennel as used in animal management.

4. In which way are swamps important in the environment?

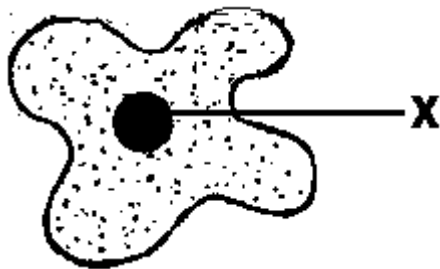
5. Why are mammals grouped under warm blooded animals?

6. How does a farmer benefit from having proper records about his farm?

7. Identify the sense organ that rabbits use for hearing.

8. Why do chameleons change colours according to that of their surroundings?

The diagram below shows a component of blood.



9. Name X.

10. What is the use of the above component of blood in our bodies?

11. A stone has a mass of 81g and volume of 9cm³. Find its density.

12. How is oral rehydration solution important to a dehydrated person?

13. Apart from seeds, what else do plants use to multiply?

14. Besides hearing, give one other function of the human ear.

15. Which component of air is used in the preservation of bottled drinks?

16. From which part of the environment do plants get water for photosynthesis?

17. State any one way in which health parades are important in Primary schools.

18. Apart from painting, give one other way in which metals can be prevented from rusting.

19. State the importance of a window on a house.

20. Which farming practice in a garden helps to improve soil fertility?

21. How does immunisation promote health among infants?

22. Why should one include fruits in his/her diet?

23. Suggest any one way in which human beings use energy from the sun?

24. In which way do bacteria help in soil formation?

25. State the basic reason why people brush teeth every after a meal?

26. Why do female anopheles mosquitoes feed on blood?

27. Mention the bad eating habits that can lead to indigestion in humans.

28. How is a bat different from a hen in their way of reproduction?

Study the diagram below and answer question 29 and 30.



29. Name part X.

30 How is part X important to the organism above?

31. Point out one reason why we are encouraged to do daily physical exercise.

32. Why are people encouraged to store surplus food?

33. What type of change takes place when you eat food and get energy?

34. Why is it a bad practice to mulch a crop garden using grass which is not completely dry?

35. State the major product got from cattle with a wedge shape.

36. What is food preservation?

37. How is slashing tall grass around homes a good health practice?

38. Apart from a leaf structure, give one other difference between monocotyledonous plants and dicotyledonous plants.

39. Mention the fungi used in brewing beer.

40. State the disadvantage of leaving termite mounds to develop near a crop garden.

Section B (60 marks)

41. Nakato came back from school and found left-over chips which were not covered. Because she was very hungry, she began to eat them at once.

(a) State two good health practices which Nakato did not follow.

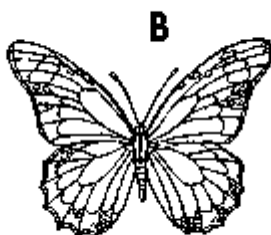
(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Name a disease Nakato could suffer from.

(c) State the cause of the disease in (b) above.

42. **Use the diagram below to answer the following questions.**



(a) In what way are organisms above similar in terms of;

(i) feeding _____

(i) movement _____

(b) State one way a farmer benefits from the organisms above.

(c) How is organism A different from the rest?

43. A farmer who practices intercropping has the following crops to plant: beans, cassava, groundnuts and potatoes.

- (a) Which two crops would be advisable for the farmer to plant together?
- (i) _____
- (ii) _____
- (b) Why is it not advisable to plant maize crop in the same piece of land for three consecutive planting seasons?
- _____
- (c) What advice would you give the farmer in (b) above?
- _____

44(a) What major role do leaves play in a plant?

- (b) Suggest any two ways leaves are adapted to their role you have mentioned in (a) above.
- (i) _____
- (ii) _____
- (c) Why are plants unable to make food at night?
- _____

45. **The table below shows part of a child's immunisation card.**

Vaccines	Dates	Immunization	3
BCG	12/08/1999		
POLIO	12/08/1999		
DPT	11/11/1999	10/12/1999	09/01/2000
MEASLES			08/05/2000
		completed	✓ ✓

- (a) When was the child born?
- _____
- (b) Give a reason to support your answer in (a) above.
- _____
- (c) At what age was the immunisation completed?
- _____
- (d) Give a reason for your answer in (c) above.
- _____

46(a) Give two characteristics of insect pollinated flowers.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Why is a moth able to pollinate flowers at night?

(c) State the difference between self-pollination and cross pollination.

47(a) Write the meaning of the term drug misuse as used in science.

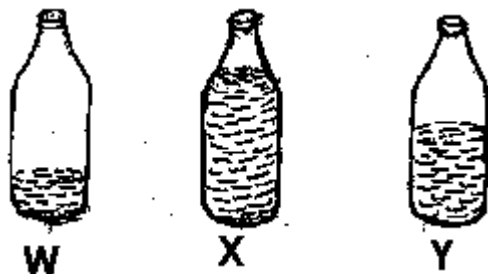
(b) State two reasons why people drink alcohol.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) Apart from the liver, name any other organ affected by alcohol.

48. **The diagram below shows bottles of the same with water at different levels as indicated. Study them and answer the questions that follow.**



(a) If each bottle is blown separately, which one will produce:

(i) the highest pitch of sound

(ii) the lowest pitch of sound _____

(b) What will happen to the pitch of sound produced by bottle W if water is increased to the level of bottle Y?

(c) What will happen to the sound produced by each of the bottles if water was replaced by the same quantity of milk?

49(a) Give any two reasons for preserving fish.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Give one traditional way of preserving fish at home.

(c) State any one modern way of preserving fish.

50 In four sentences state how you can make sugar salt solution.

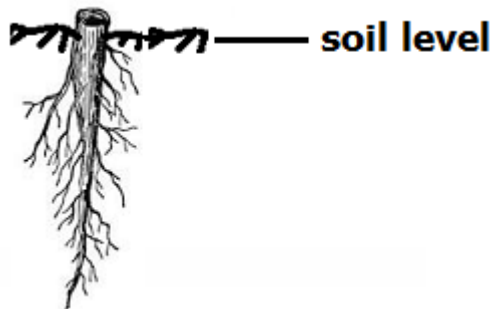
(a) _____

(b) _____

(c) _____

(d) _____

51. **The diagram below shows part of a plant.**



(a) Name the type of root shown above.

(b) From which part of a seed do roots grow?

(c) Mention one plant that stores food in its roots.

(d) State one way one can benefit from plant roots.

52(a) Which component of blood helps in blood clotting in case of a cut?

(b) How does the blood component above able to stop blood flow from a cut?

(c) Identify one part in ones body where blood is made.

(d) Mention one importance of blood in one's body.

53(a) What is gestation period?

(b) Point out two exotic breeds of rabbits kept in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) Give one reason why people rear rabbits.

54(a) Suggest one possible cause of prolonged drought in Uganda.

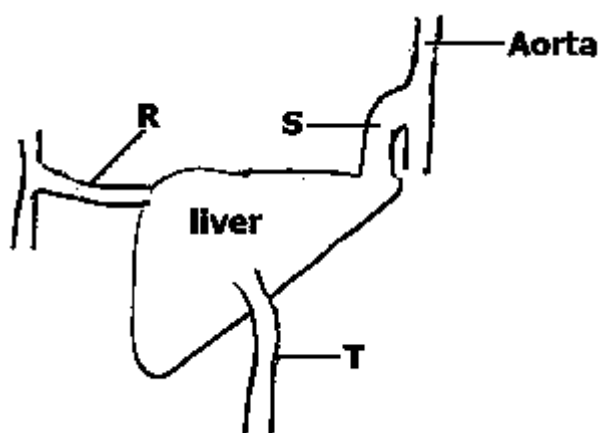
(b) Give any one effect of prolonged drought to the environment.

(c) List down two ways of controlling prolonged drought conditions.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

55. **Below is part of the circulatory system.**



(a) Name blood vessels R and S.

(i) R: _____

(ii) S: _____

(b) Write the organ from which blood is carried by blood vessel T.

(c) Why does blood from the organ in (b) above have to first pass through the liver?
